

A MADAME LA VICOMTESSE DE GRANDVAL

DA 5774

Oratorio

DE

Noël

Ch. Saint-Saëns

Partition d'Orchestre

Partition Chant et Piano

Op. 12

Parties d'Orchestre

Parties de Chœur

SOLI ET CHŒURS

séparées

Benedictus (extrait) Duo, S. et B^{re}.

Tollite Hostias (extrait) Chœur, S.C.T.B.

Tecum principium Trio, S., T., B^{re}

— — Harpe ad lib. . .

— — Orgue ad lib. . .

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ORATORIO DE NOËL

C. SAINT-SAËNS

Op. 12

I. Prélude

Allegretto

PIANO

p *cresc.*

Ped. ★

Ped. ★

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★



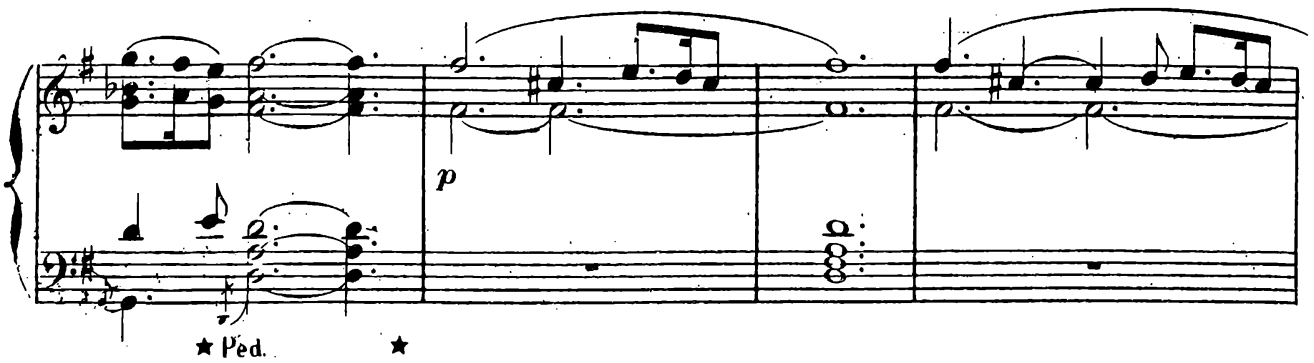
First system of musical notation. The right hand plays a continuous eighth-note melody with slurs. The left hand plays a supporting bass line with chords and eighth notes. Pedal markings are present at the end of the system.

Ped. ★ Ped.



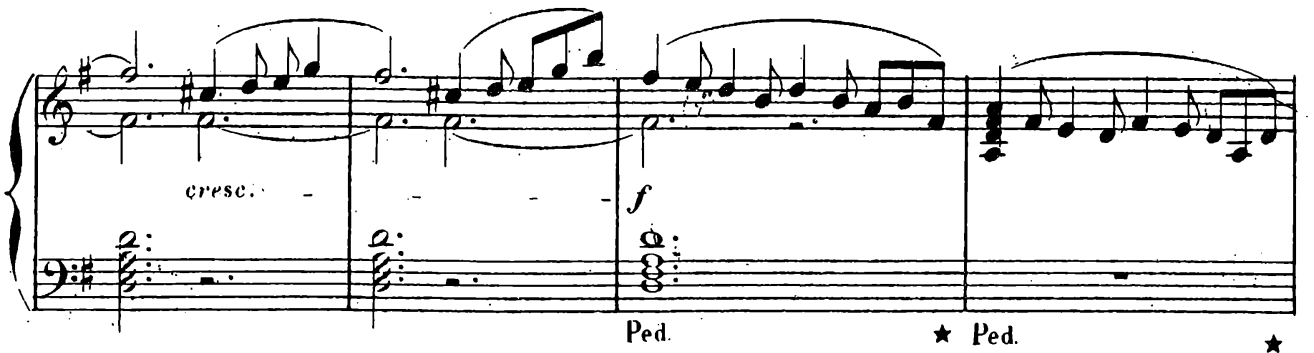
Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody. The left hand features a dynamic change to *f* (forte) in the second measure. Pedal markings are present throughout the system.

★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped.



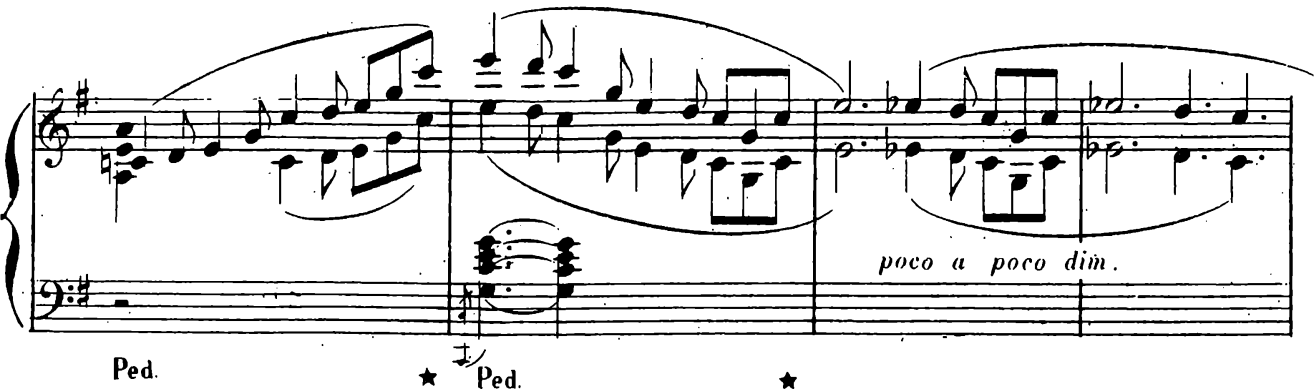
Third system of musical notation. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody. The left hand features a dynamic change to *p* (piano) in the second measure. Pedal markings are present throughout the system.

★ Ped. ★ Ped.



Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody. The left hand features a dynamic change to *f* (forte) in the second measure. Pedal markings are present throughout the system.

cresc. Ped. ★ Ped. ★



Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody. The left hand features a dynamic change to *poco a poco dim.* (poco a poco diminuendo) in the second measure. Pedal markings are present throughout the system.

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, starting with a *p* (piano) dynamic. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment of chords. A *f* (forte) dynamic is marked in the third measure. The system ends with a double bar line.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff continues the melodic line, with *d.* and *g.* markings. Bass staff has chords. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present in the first measure, followed by a star symbol. The system ends with a double bar line.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line starting with a *p* (piano) dynamic. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present in the third measure, followed by a star symbol. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present in the first measure, followed by a star symbol. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a melodic line. Bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. A *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic is marked in the second measure. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present in the first measure, followed by a star symbol. The system ends with a double bar line.

II. Récit et Chœur

Ténor solo

PIANO

Et pas-to-res e-rant in re-gi-o-ne e-a-dem vi-gi-

lan-tes, Et cus-to-di-en-tes vi-gi-li-as noc-tis

Alto solo

Et — ec-ce an-ge-lus.
su-per gregem su-um.

Do-mi-ni stetit juxta il-los, et claritas De-i circum ful-sit

il - los; Et timu - e - runt ti - mo - re ma - gno.

Soprano solo

And^{no} a tempo

No -

Ténor solo

Et di - xit il - lis An - ge - lus:

And^{no} a tempo

pp

li - te ti - me - re, no - li - te ti - me - re: Ec - ce e - nim

e - van - ge - li - zo vo - bis gau - di - um

cresc.

ma - gnum quod e-rit om - ni po - pu - lo: quia na - tus

cresc.

f

est vo - bis ho - di - e Chris - tus Do - mi -

f

- nus in ci - vi - ta - te Da - vid,

pp

Ped. ★

et hoc vo - bis si - gnum: In - ve - ni - e - tis in - fan -

tem pa - nis in - vo - lu - tum, et po - si - tum in prae - se - pi -

- p
Baryton solo *mf*
Et su - bi to fac - ta est cum

An - ge - lo multi - tu - do mi - li - ti - æ coe - les - tis lau -

- den - ti - um De - um, et di - cen - ti - um:

8 Chœur
Allegro

SOPRANOS
f Glo - ri - a in al - tis - simis De - o.

ALTOS
f Glo - ri - a in al - tis - simis De - o.

TENORS
f Glo - ri - a

BASSES
f Glo - ri - a

Glo - ri - a in al - tis - simis De - o.

Glo - ri - a in al - tis - simis De - o.

in al - tis - simis De - o.

in al - tis - simis De - o.

Et in ter-ra pax ho-mi-ni.

Et in ter-ra pax ho-mi-ni.

Et in terra pax

Et in ter-ra pax ho-mi-ni-bus

-bus bo-nœ vo-lun-ta-tis. Glo-ri-a in al-tis-simis

-bus bo-nœ vo-lun-ta-tis. Glo-ri-a

Glo-ri-a in al-tis-simis De-

bo-nœ vo-lun-ta-tis.

De - o, Glo - ri - a, Glo - ri - a,

in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o in al - ti - ssi - mis, in al - ti - ssi -

- o, Glo - ri - a, Glo - ri - a,

Glo - ri - a in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o,

The first system of the musical score is in D major (two sharps). It consists of four vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts enter with 'De - o, Glo - ri - a, Glo - ri - a,' followed by 'in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o in al - ti - ssi - mis, in al - ti - ssi -' and then '- o, Glo - ri - a, Glo - ri - a,'. The piano accompaniment provides a harmonic foundation with chords and moving lines in both hands.

Glo - ri - a ————— De - o. Et in ter - ra

Glo - ri - a De - o Et in ter - ra

Glo - ri - a in al - ti - ssi - mis.

in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o Glo - ri - a.

The second system continues the musical score. The vocal parts sing 'Glo - ri - a ————— De - o. Et in ter - ra' on a long note, followed by 'Glo - ri - a De - o Et in ter - ra' and 'Glo - ri - a in al - ti - ssi - mis.' The piano accompaniment continues with a steady rhythm, supporting the vocal melody. The system concludes with 'in al - ti - ssi - mis De - o Glo - ri - a.'

pax ————— pax — ho — mi — ni — bus bo — noe

pax ho — mi — ni — bus, ho — mi — ni — bus — bo noe

Et in ter-ra pax ho — mi — ni — bus — bo — noe —

Et in ter — ra. pax ho — mi — ni — bus bo — noe

vo — lun — ta — tis.

vo — lun — ta — tis.

vo — lun — ta — tis.

vo — lun — ta — tis.

III - Air

MEZZO-SOP. Solo

And^{te} espressivo

PIANO

p

And^{te} espressivo

dolce

pp

Expectans

dolce

Expectans

ex - pec - ta - vi Do - mi - num: ex-pec-tans,

ex-pec-tans, ex - pec - tans

ex - pec - ta - vi Do - mi -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- num, ex - pec - ta - vi; ex -

Ped. ★

- pec - ta - vi Do - mi - num,

pp

pp dolce

Et in - ten - dit mi - hi, et

pp

in - ten - dit mi - hi, et in - ten - dit, et

Ped.

This system contains the first two staves of music. The vocal line is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The piano accompaniment is in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The lyrics are 'in - ten - dit mi - hi, et in - ten - dit, et'. The piano part features a series of ascending eighth-note chords in the right hand and sustained bass notes in the left hand. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is at the end of the system.

in - ten - dit, et in - ten -

sf *p*

sempre Ped.

This system contains the next two staves. The vocal line continues with 'in - ten - dit, et in - ten -'. The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings *sf* (sforzando) and *p* (piano). The piano part features a series of ascending eighth-note chords in the right hand and sustained bass notes in the left hand. A 'sempre Ped.' (sempre pedal) marking is at the beginning of the system.

- dit, et in - ten - dit mi - hi.

This system contains the next two staves. The vocal line continues with '- dit, et in - ten - dit mi - hi.'. The piano accompaniment continues with the same pattern of ascending eighth-note chords in the right hand and sustained bass notes in the left hand.

pp

This system contains the final two staves. The piano accompaniment continues with the same pattern of ascending eighth-note chords in the right hand and sustained bass notes in the left hand. A *pp* (pianissimo) marking is present in the piano part.

IV. Air et Chœur

Mod^{to} comodo

TÉNOR Solo

Do-mine, e - go cre-di-di, e - go

Mod^{to} comodo

PIANO

p

cre-di-di qui-a tu es— Chris - tus— Fi - li-us De-i vi - vi.

dolce

Do-mine, e - go cre-di-di, e - go

cre-di-di, qui-a tu es— Chris - tus Fi li-us De-i vi -

dol

- vi, Do - mi-ne,

1^{er} et 2^e SOPRANOS *p*

f qui in hunc mun - dum ve - ni - sti

1^{er} et 2^e ALTOS *p*

qui in hunc mun - dum ve - ni - sti

f *dim.*

Ped. ★

e - go cre - di-di, e - go cre - di-di qui - a tu

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

-cresc. *f* es Christus, Christus, Christus, Filius Dei vi - vi, Christus,

1^{er} et 2^e SOPRANOS *f* *p*

Chris - tus!

1^{er} et 2^e ALTOS *f* *p*

Chris - tus!

cresc. *f* *p* *pp*

Christus, Filius Dei vivit qui in hunc mundum venisti, in hunc mundum venisti, hunc mundum venisti, venisti, venisti.

dolce

p

p

p

pp

pp

pp

pp

V. Duo

All^{to} moderato

PIANO

All^{to} moderato*p e staccato**p* Soprano solo

Be - nedic - tus, be - nedic - tus, be - ne - dic - tus qui ve -

- nit in nomine Do - mini, qui ve nit in nomine Do - mi - ni.

Baryton solo

p

Be - ne.

dic - tus, be - ne - dic - tus, be - ne - dic - tus

qui ve - nit in nomine Do - mi - ni, qui ve - nit in nomine Do - mi -

Soprano

Be - ne - dictus, be - ne - dic - tus, in no -

- ni, qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit in no -

- mi - ne, in nomine Do - mi - ni.

- mi - ne, in nomine Do - mi - ni.

p
De - us Do-mi-nus,

p De - - us Do-mi-nus, *mf* et il - lu - xit

mf
Do - - - mi-nus il-luxit no - -
no - - - bis Do - - -

dim.
- - - bis, il-luxit no - - - bis.
dim.
- - - mi-nus il-lu-xit no - - - bis.

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It consists of four systems of staves. The first system shows the vocal melody in treble and bass clefs, with piano accompaniment in grand staff. The second system continues the vocal melody with a long note and piano accompaniment. The third system features a more active piano accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The fourth system concludes the phrase with a decrescendo marking and repeated lyrics.

p

De - us Do-mi-nus, De - us Do-mi-nus, et il - lu -

De - us Do-mi-nus, De - us Do mi-nus, et il -

- - xit, et il - lu-xit no - bis, et il - lu-xit no - - bis.

- lu - xit, et il - lu-xit no - bis, et il - lu - xit no - - bis.

Soprano*sotto voce*

De - us me - us es tu, et confi - te - bor ti - bi.

pp tenuto

Baryton*sotto voce*

De - us me - us es tu, et confi - te - bor - ti - bi.

Soprano

De - us me - us es tu, et con - fi - te - bor ti -

De - us me - us es tu, et con - fi - te - bor ti -

mf - bi De - us me - us es tu. *mf* De - us me - us et ex - al - ta - bo

mf - bi. De - us me - us es tu, De - us me - us es tu, et ex - al - ta - bo

staccato

te, et ex - al - ta - bo te. De - us me - us es tu De - us me - us es tu

te, et ex - al - ta - bo te. De - us me - us es tu De - us me -

et ex-al-ta-bo te, et ex-al-ta - bo te, et ex - al-ta-bo

-us, et ex-al-ta - bo te, et ex-al-ta - bo te, ex-al - ta -

te, et ex - al - ta - - bo, et ex-al - ta - - bo

-bo, ex-al - ta - bo, et ex-al - ta - bo, et ex-al - ta - bo

te.

te.

VI - Chœur

All^o energico

SOPRANOS

ALTOS

TÉNORS

BASSES

PIANO

ff

Qua - re

ff

Qua - re

ff

Qua - re

ff

Qua - re

All^o energico*ff*

fremu.e - runt gen - tes

fremu.e - runt gen - tes

fremu.e - runt gen - tes

fremu.e - runt gen - tes

qua - re fremu.e - runt gen -

qua - re fremu.e - runt gen -

qua - re fremu.e - runt gen -

qua - re fremu.e - runt gen -

The piano accompaniment consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a whole note chord in the first measure, followed by a half rest, and then a series of eighth and sixteenth notes in the third measure. The bass staff has a similar pattern with eighth and sixteenth notes.

- tes ?

- tes ?

- tes ? qua - re

- tes ? qua - re fremu.e - runt

The piano accompaniment continues with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass staff has a similar pattern with eighth and sixteenth notes. There are pedal markings (Ped.) and star symbols (★) at the bottom of the piano part.

qua - re fremue - runt

qua - re

fremue - runt gen - tes? qua - re

gen - tes? fremue - runt gen - tes?

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

gen - tes? qua - re fre - mue - runt

fremue - runt gen - tes? fre - mue - runt

fre - mue - runt gen - tes? fre - mue - runt

qua - re fre - mue - runt

- gen - - - - - tes

- gen - - - - - tes

- gen - - - - - tes

- gen - - - - - tes

ff *ff*

Et po - puli

Et po - puli medi - ta - ti sunt

Et po - puli medi - ta - ti sunt in a - nia?

Et po - puli medi - ta - ti

ff

medi.ta - ti sunt in.a - ni.a? medi.ta - ti
 in .. a - ni - a? medi.ta - ti
 medi.ta - ti sunt in.a - ni - a? qua - re?
 sunt in.a - ni - a?

The first system consists of four vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics 'medi.ta - ti sunt in.a - ni.a?'. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the left hand and a more melodic line in the right hand.

sunt in.a - ni.a? *più ff* Qua - re fre.mue - runt
 sunt in.a - ni.a? *più ff* Qua - re fre.mue - runt
 qua - re? *più ff* Qua - re fre.mue - runt
 Qua - re fre.mue - runt

The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The vocal parts repeat the phrase 'sunt in.a - ni.a? Qua - re fre.mue - runt'. The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *più ff* and features a more complex rhythmic pattern in the right hand.

gen - - - - tes? et popu-li medi -

gen - - - - tes? et popu-li medi -

gen - - - - tes? et popu-li medi -

gen - - - - tes? et popu-li medi -

The piano accompaniment consists of a treble and bass staff with a flowing, arpeggiated texture. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo).

- ta - ti sunt in - a - ni - a? qua - re? qua - re?

- ta - ti sunt in - a - ni - a? qua - re? qua - re?

- ta - ti sunt in - a - ni - a? qua - re? qua - re?

- ta - ti sunt in - a - ni - a? qua - re? qua - re?

The piano accompaniment continues with a similar arpeggiated texture. Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo).

Più lento

sempre pp una corda

p tre corde

p
Glo-ri-a Pa-tri, glo-ri-a Fi-li-o, glo-ri-a Spi-ri-
p
Glo-ri-a Pa-tri, glo-ri-a Fi-li-o, glo-ri-a Spi-ri-
p
Glo-ri-a Pa-tri, glo-ri-a Fi-li-o, glo-ri-a Spi-ri-
p
Glo-ri-a Pa-tri, glo-ri-a Fi-li-o, glo-ri-a Spi-ri-

tu - i — Sanc - to; si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et

tu - i — Sanc - to; si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,

tu - i — Sanc - to; si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,

tu - i — Sanc - to; si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,

nunc, et nunc, et nunc, et sem - per, et in — sœ -

et nunc, et nunc, et sem - per, et in sœ - cu -

et nunc, et nunc, et sem - per, et in sœ - cu -

et nunc, et nunc, et sem - per, et in sœ - cu -

- cu-la soe-cu-lo-rum. A-men. A-men.
 - la soe-cu-lo-rum. A-men. A-men.
 - la soe-cu-lo-rum.
 - la soe-cu-lo-rum.

Dynamics: *p*, *pp*, *dim.*

A-men.
 A-men.

Dynamics: *pp*, *p*

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped.

VII. Trio

And^{te} con moto

PIANO *p una corda*

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Ténor solo

p Te - - - cum prin - ci - pium, te - cum prin -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

cresc. - ci - pium in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Soprano solo

p

Te - - - cum prin - ci - pium, te - cum prin -

- œ .

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- ci - pi-um in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Baryton solo

p

Te - - - cum prin - ci - pium, te - cum prin -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

cresc.

- ci - pi-um in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

p Te - - - cum prin - ci - pium,

p Te - - - cum prin -

- œ.

Ped. ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★

p te - - -

- ci - pium,

p Te - - - cum prin - ci - pium, te - - -

Ped. ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★

dim. - cum prin - - ci - - pi - um

dim. te - cum prin - ci - - pi - um in

dim. - cum prin - ci - - pi - um

Ped. ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★ *Ped.* ★

p sotto voce

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

p sotto voce

splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

p sotto voce

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

Ped. ★

- to - - - - - rum,

- to - - - - - rum,

- to - - - - - rum,

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

Ped.

to - - - rum,

to - - - rum,

to - - - rum,

Ped. *pp* ★ Ped. ★

This system contains the first four measures of the piece. It features three vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, and Bass) and a grand piano accompaniment. The vocal parts enter with the word 'to' on a half note, followed by a rest, and then 'rum,' on a half note. The piano accompaniment begins with a descending chromatic scale in the right hand and a series of chords in the left hand. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is present at the start and end of the system.

pp in splen - - -

pp in splen - - -

pp in splen - - -

pp in splen - - -

Ped. *pp* ★

This system contains measures 5 through 8. The vocal parts enter with the word 'in' on a half note, followed by a rest, and then 'splen' on a half note. The piano accompaniment continues with a descending chromatic scale in the right hand and chords in the left hand. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is present at the start and end of the system.

do - - - ri - bus Sanc - - -

do - - - ri - bus Sanc - - -

do - - - ri - bus Sanc - - -

do - - - ri - bus Sanc - - -

pp

Ped. *pp* ★

This system contains measures 9 through 12. The vocal parts enter with the word 'do' on a half note, followed by a rest, and then 'ri - bus' on a half note, and finally 'Sanc' on a half note. The piano accompaniment continues with a descending chromatic scale in the right hand and chords in the left hand. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is present at the start and end of the system.

- to - rum, in splendo-ri-bus Sanc - to - rum.
 - to - rum, in splendo-ri-bus Sanc - to - rum.
 - to - rum, in splendo-ri-bus Sanc - to - rum.

8

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

f *dim.*

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Ténor

dolce

Te - cum prin - ci - pi-um, te - cum prin -

dolce tranquillo

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- ci - pi-um in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Soprano

dolce

Te - - - cum prin - ci - pi.um. te - cum prin -

- œ. Te - - - cum prin - ci - pi.um, te - cum prin -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- ci - pi.um in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

- ci - pi.um in di - e vir - tu - tis tu -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- œ,

- œ,

Baryton

mf in splen - - - do - - - ri - bus Sanc -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

in — splen - do - - ri - bus —
 in splen - do - - ri - bus Sanc -
 - to - rum, in splen - do - - ri - bus Sanc -
 Sanc - to -
 - to -
 - rum, Sanc -
 - rum,

cresc.
mf
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
f
f
dim.
dim.
dim.

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★
 Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★
 Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

p

- to - - - - -

Sanc - - - - - to - - - - -

p

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

- rum,

- rum in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

- rum,

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

cresc.

in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

cresc.

- to - rum, in splen - do - ri - bus Sanc -

cresc.

in - - - splen - do - ri - bus

cresc.

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

to - rum, in splen -

to - rum, splen -

Sanc - to

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Detailed description: This system contains three vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal staves are in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are 'to - rum, in splen -' on the first staff, 'to - rum, splen -' on the second, and 'Sanc - to' on the third. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves in treble and bass clef. It features a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic bass line in the left hand. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and '★ Ped.' at the bottom of the system.

do - ri - bus Sanc - to

do - ri - bus Sanc - to

rum, in splen do - ri -

dim. p

dim. p

dim. p

Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Detailed description: This system continues the musical piece. It features three vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are 'do - ri - bus Sanc - to' on the first staff, 'do - ri - bus Sanc - to' on the second, and 'rum, in splen do - ri -' on the third. The piano accompaniment continues with similar complex textures. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and '★ Ped.' at the bottom of the system. Dynamic markings 'dim.' and 'p' are present above the piano staves.

First system of the musical score. It consists of three vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, and Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts have the lyrics: "rum, in splen - do - ri -". The piano accompaniment features a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a more rhythmic bass line in the left hand. Pedal points are indicated at the beginning and middle of the system.

rum, in splen - do - ri -

rum, in splen - do - ri -

_ bus Sanc - to - - rum, in splen - do - ri -

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The vocal parts have the lyrics: "bus Sanc - to - - rum." The piano accompaniment continues with its complex melody. Pedal points are indicated at the beginning and middle of the system.

bus Sanc - to - - rum.

bus Sanc - to - - rum.

bus Sanc - to - - rum.

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

VIII. Quatuor

Andantino Alto solo

Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia.

Andantino

PIANO

mf *p* *mf*

Lau-da-te, coeli, et ex-ul-ta, terra, qui-a

p *mf* *p*

con - so-la - tus est Dominus ——— populum su - um; et pau - pe -

— rum — su - o - rum, et pau - perum su - o - rum

Soprano solo



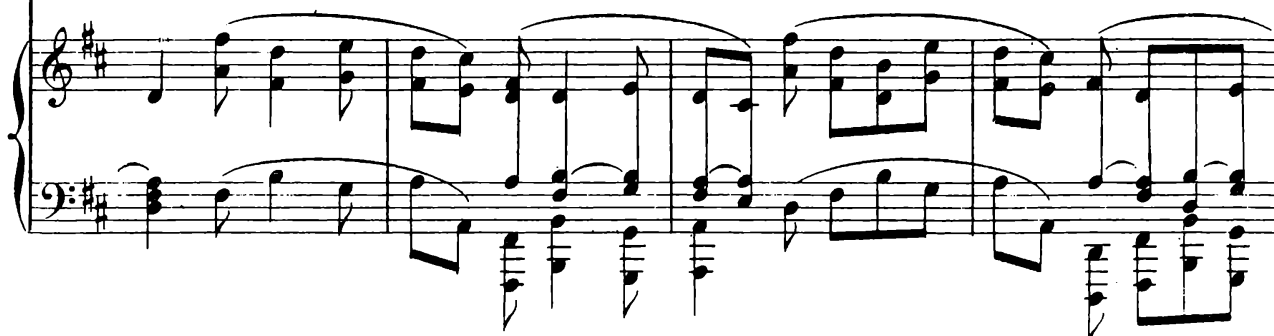
Mezzo-Soprano solo



Alto solo



Baryton solo



qui-a con - so - la - tus est Do-mi-nus po-pu-lum su -

qui-a con - so - la - tus est Do-mi-nus po-pu-lum su -

ter-ra;

qui-a con - so - la - tus est Do-mi-nus po-pu-lum su -

-um; et pau - pe - rum, et pau - pe -

-um; et pau - pe - rum,

po-pu-lum su - um; et pau - pe - rum,

-um; et pau - pe - rum, et

The musical score is written in D major (two sharps) and 4/4 time. It features four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a piano accompaniment consisting of a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The lyrics are in Latin, and the music includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs. The piano accompaniment provides a harmonic foundation for the vocal parts, with the right hand often playing chords and the left hand providing a steady bass line.

_rum — su - o - rum, et pau - perum su - o - rum mi-se-re - bi -
 — et pau - - pe - rum — su - o - rum mi - se-re - bi -
 — et pau - - pe - rum — su - o - rum mi-se-re - bi -
 pau - pe - rum su - o - rum mi-se-re - bi -

_tur. Alle - lu - ia. Alle - lu -
 _tur. Alle - lu - ia. Alle - lu -
 _tur. Alle - lu - ia. Alle - lu - ia.
 _tur. Alle lu - ia. Alle - lu -
 mf p p p

pp

- ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Alle - lu - ia.

pp

- ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Alle - lu - ia.

Quia con - so - la - tus est Dominus populum su - um; — et

pp

- ia. Alle - lu - ia.

poco a poco rall. e dim.

pau - pe - rum su - o - rum, et

Adagio

pau - pe - rum su - o - rum mi - se - re - bi - tur.

Adagio

IX. Quintette avec Chœur

All'lo pastorale

PIANO

p

cresc.

A musical score for a piano piece titled "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a grand piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The music is in a single system, with a repeat sign at the beginning. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The piece ends with a "Ped." (Pedal) instruction and a star symbol.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for voice and piano. The voice part is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano accompaniment is on two staves with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a key signature of one sharp. The music is in 4/4 time. The score consists of two systems. The first system contains the first two measures of the song. The second system contains the next two measures. The piano part features a prominent melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the voice staff. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals. There are also performance instructions like "Ped." (pedal) and a star symbol (★) indicating specific points in the music.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a piano, featuring a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The melody is primarily in the treble staff, with a simple bass line in the bass staff. The piece is divided into three measures. The first measure has a "Ped." (pedal) marking below the bass staff. The second measure has a "★ Ped." marking below the bass staff. The third measure has a "★ Ped." marking below the bass staff. The score ends with a final chord in the treble staff.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The score is divided into three measures. The first measure shows the beginning of the melody and accompaniment. The second measure continues the melody and accompaniment. The third measure shows the end of the melody and accompaniment. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, and the accompaniment consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Ténor solo

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Soprano solo

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Mezzo-Soprano solo

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Alto solo

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Ténor solo

Si - on.

Si - on. _____

Si - on. _____

Si - on. _____

Baryton solo *f* Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

The piano accompaniment consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a similar pattern in the left hand, with a low bass line.

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Con - sur - ge, Fi - li - a

Si - on. _____

Si - on. _____

The piano accompaniment continues with the same eighth-note pattern in both hands.

Si - on. —

Si - on. —

Si - on. —

Chœur

SOPRANOS *f* *mf*
Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le -

ALTOS *f* *mf*
Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le -

TÉNORS *f* *mf*
Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le -

BASSES *f* *mf*
Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le - lu - ia. Al-le -

f *mf*

- lu - ia. —

- lu - ia. —

- lu - ia. —

- lu - ia. —

espress.

p

Soprano solo

dol.

Mezzo-Soprano solo

dol.

Alto solo

dol.

Ténor solo

*dol.**dol.*

Baryton solo

dol.

Lau - da in noc - te, — Lau - da in

Lau - da in

p

noc - te, — in prin - ci - pi - o Vi - gi - li -

noc - te, — in prin - ci - pi - o Vi - gi - li -

noc - te, — in prin - ci - pi - o Vi - gi - li -

noc - te, — in prin - ci - pi - o Vi - gi - li -

noc - te, — in prin - ci - pi - o Vi - gi - li -

Five vocal staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics "a - rum." are written below each staff. The first four staves have a "dim." (diminuendo) marking above the final measure. The fifth staff, which is a bass clef, also has a "dim." marking above the final measure. The music consists of a series of notes, mostly quarter and eighth notes, with some rests.

SOPRANOS

A musical staff for Sopranos with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics "Al-le." are written below the staff. The music starts with a rest, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a dynamic marking "f" (forte).

ALTOS

A musical staff for Altos with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics "Al-le." are written below the staff. The music starts with a rest, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a dynamic marking "f" (forte).

TÉNORS

A musical staff for Tenors with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics "Al-le." are written below the staff. The music starts with a rest, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a dynamic marking "f" (forte).

BASSES

A musical staff for Basses with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics "Al-le." are written below the staff. The music starts with a rest, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a dynamic marking "f" (forte).

A piano accompaniment section consisting of a treble and a bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The treble staff features a series of eighth-note chords and single notes, while the bass staff features a series of quarter and eighth notes. The music ends with a dynamic marking "f" (forte).

Four-part vocal setting (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: -lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The vocal parts are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte). The piano accompaniment features chords and moving lines, with a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking in the right hand.

Soprano solo

Mezzo-Soprano solo

Solo parts for Soprano and Mezzo-Soprano, and piano accompaniment. The Soprano part begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic and a melodic line. The Mezzo-Soprano part follows with a similar line. The piano accompaniment includes a *f* (forte) section with dense chords and a *p* (piano) section with a more sparse texture. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present in the bass line. A star symbol (★) is located below the piano part.

Alto solo

A

Al - le

Ténor solo

Baryton solo

Al - le

Hb

Ped. ★

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le -

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

Ped. ★

Al - le - lu - ia.

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia.

pp

Al-le-lu - ia.

p

Al - - - le-lu - ia.

Al-le-lu - ia.

pp

p

Al - - - le-lu - ia. Al-le -

p

Al-le-lu - ia. Al - le-lu - ia. Al-le -

p

Al-le-lu - ia. Al - le-lu ia. Al-le -

p

Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le -

p

Al-le-lu - ia. Al - le-lu - ia. Al-le -

meno p

-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia.

-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia.

-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia.

-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia.

-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia. Al-le-lu - ia.

p
Ped.

Chœur

TÉNOIRS *f*

E-gre-di-a - tur ut splendor jus-tus Si - on, et Sal-va-tor

BASSES *f*

E-gre-di-a - tur ut splendor jus-tus Si - on, et Sal-va-tor

cresc.

★ Ped. ★ Ped. ★

Chœur

61

Maestoso

SOPRANOS



Tol - li - te hos - ti - as, et ad - o - ra - te Do - mi - num in a tri - o

ALTOS



Tol - li - te hos - ti - as, et ad - o - ra - te Do - mi - num in a tri - o

TÉNORS



Tol - li - te hos - ti - as, et ad - o - ra - te Do - mi - num in a tri - o

BASSES



Tol - li - te hos - ti - as, et ad - o - ra - te Do - mi - num in a tri - o

Maestoso



sancto e - jus. Loe - ten - tur coe - li, et ex - ul - tet ter - ra



sancto e - jus. Loe - ten - tur coe - li, et ex - ul - tet ter - ra



sancto e - jus. Loe - ten - tur coe - li, et ex - ul - tet ter - ra



sancto e - jus. Loe - ten - tur coe - li, et ex - ul - tet ter - ra



1ª 2ª

a fa.ci.e Do.mi - ni, quoniam ve - nit. Al - le - lu - ia. - ia.

a fa.ci.e Do.mi - ni, quoniam ve - nit. Al - le - lu - ia. - ia.

quo - ni - am ve - nit. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. - ia. Al - le - lu -

quo - ni - am ve - nit. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. - ia.

Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu -

Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu -

- ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu -

Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu - ia. Al - le - lu -

Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Loe-ten-tur coe-li, et

Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Loe-ten-tur coe-li, et

Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Loe-ten-tur coe-li, et

Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia. Loe-ten-tur coe-li, et

Al-le-lu-ia. Loe-ten-tur coe-li, et

ex-ul-tet ter-ra, a facie Domi-ni, quoniam ve-nit. Al-le-lu-ia.

ex-ul-tet ter-ra, a facie Domi-ni, quoniam ve-nit. Al-le-lu-ia.

ex-ul-tet ter-ra, quo-ni-am ve-nit. Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia.

ex-ul-tet ter-ra, quo-ni-am ve-nit. Al-le-lu-ia. Al-le-lu-ia.