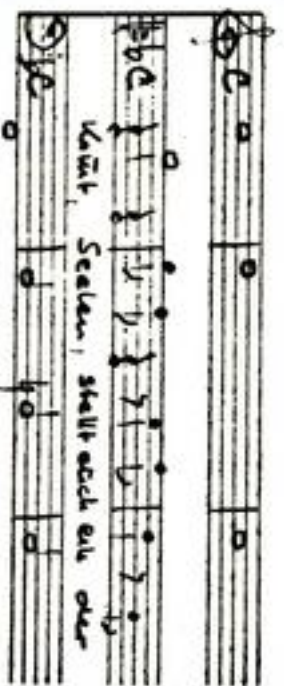


Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD DS Mus.ms 445/11

Kom̃t, Seelen, stellt euch ein/der Heyland/a/ 2 Violin/
Viola/Canto/Alto/Tenore/Basso/e/Continuo./Die Virid./1737.



Autograph April 1737. 35 x 21,5 cm.

partitur: 3 Bl. Alte Zählung: Bogen 5 und 6 .

11 St.: C,A,T,B,vl 1(2x),2,vla,vlne(2x),bc.
je 1 Bl., bc 2 Bl.

Alte Sign.: 170/19. Text: Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1737.

Mus. 445/
11

Kommt, Karlson! stellet uns ein, das Freyland fult ein Abend sthn; ss

170.

19

11

11

Partitur

M: März 1737 - 29. Aufzug.

Sie sind.

G. A. G. M. Apr. 1737. 51

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Wohl, doch, sollt uns an der Freyland setzen, aber doch, das müßte die gütig uns zu sein, als

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Einig abgemessen sein. Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland.

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland.

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland.

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland. Ich bin nicht die Freyland.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a stylized or cursive script. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Lyrics visible on the first system:

- auf - wasche mich
- mich wasche - mich wasche mich
- mich wasche mich wasche mich

Continuation of the handwritten musical score, featuring five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a stylized or cursive script. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Lyrics visible on the second system:

- mein Gott, ich bin so klein
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein

Continuation of the handwritten musical score, featuring five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a stylized or cursive script. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Lyrics visible on the third system:

- auf - wasche mich
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein

Continuation of the handwritten musical score, featuring five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a stylized or cursive script. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Lyrics visible on the fourth system:

- mein Gott, ich bin so klein
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein
- mein Gott, ich bin so klein

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring vocal staves and lyrics in German. The lyrics include: "d. in der Danksagung der Danksagung", "Dank in der Danksagung", and "Dank in der Danksagung".

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring vocal staves and lyrics in German. The lyrics include: "Dank in der Danksagung", "Dank in der Danksagung", and "Dank in der Danksagung".

Handwritten musical score for the third system, featuring vocal staves and lyrics in German. The lyrics include: "Dank in der Danksagung", "Dank in der Danksagung", and "Dank in der Danksagung".

Handwritten musical score for the fourth system, featuring vocal staves and lyrics in German. The lyrics include: "Dank in der Danksagung", "Dank in der Danksagung", and "Dank in der Danksagung".

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive script.

fat- *der blühende Garten meine Schatzkammer, laß mich dein* *zu dir*

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive script.

müß so sehr mein Schatzkammer, laß mich dein *zu dir* *müß so sehr*

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive script.

Wahrhaftig, mein Gott, ich bin ein armer Sünder, laß mich dein *zu dir* *Wahrhaftig, mein Gott, ich bin ein armer Sünder, laß mich dein* *zu dir*

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive script.

Daß ich dich anbeten, mein Gott, ich bin ein armer Sünder, laß mich dein *zu dir* *Daß ich dich anbeten, mein Gott, ich bin ein armer Sünder, laß mich dein* *zu dir*

Leile mich / was mir ein ist das magst du / singe dich selbst / mich / mit der Gabe / d. du bist mir der

Gloria / Gloria / Gloria

Gloria Dei Gloria.

170
19.

4

Wint, 8. u. 3, hat sich ein
in England.

a

z

Wilm

Wila

Carl

Alv

Emre

Pasp

Di. 1. u. 2.
1787.

c

Centner.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals (sharps and naturals). The text is written in German and includes the following phrases:

- Contra* (written above the first staff)
- Handel* (written above the second staff)
- von mir* (written above the third staff)
- Handel* (written above the fourth staff)
- Handel* (written above the fifth staff)
- Handel* (written above the sixth staff)
- Handel* (written above the seventh staff)
- Handel* (written above the eighth staff)
- Handel* (written above the ninth staff)
- Handel* (written above the tenth staff)

The manuscript is signed "Handel" at the end of the tenth staff.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and time signatures. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Key markings visible include:

- Capo* (Cape)
- Chord*
- 4/3*
- 6/4*
- 6/3*
- 4/3*

The manuscript shows signs of age, including yellowing and some staining. The notation is dense and covers the upper portion of the page, with several empty staves remaining below.

6

Print

Seu mihi oblonga

Wp.

94-

Carol

2.

Werde mir 1.

Lex.

مراسم و تشریفات

John

74

Capo || Recitat || 6

Christ Leyer,



7

Handwritten musical score for "Der Lenz" by Franz Schubert. The score is written on ten staves. The first staff is labeled "Flaut." and the second staff is labeled "Hörnig der Lenz". The music is in 3/4 time and features various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "pp." and "f".

Choral.

pizzicato

Recit. ||

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Largo." The score is written on five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The tempo marking "Largo." is written above the first staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The piece concludes with the word "Da" followed by a double bar line, and "Recita" followed by a double bar line.

ulti.

Choral. Largo.



Violino. 2

Accomp:

Adm. 19.

God, my strength.

942

Edw.

44.

gnd.

Thral.

Wohl und wohl.

Recital //

of the District.

124.

And.

Foral.

Capo Recit. 1^o e

morning how fresh

9

Handwritten musical score for "Herrnhuter Lieder". The score is written on ten staves, with the first nine staves containing musical notation and the tenth staff containing a large, stylized "A" or "H" symbol. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The text "Herrnhuter Lieder" is written in a cursive script across the staves. The manuscript is on aged, yellowed paper.

Violone.

10

Accomp:

Am 18. h.
Stimmung der Länge.
pp.
f.
Capo

Choral.

Stimmung der Länge.

Recit:

volti

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and notes. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Staff 1: *Josephine*

Staff 2: *M.*

Staff 3: *Recit.*

Staff 4: *Capo*

Staff 5: *Choral.*

Staff 6: *Darin*

Staff 7: *Fin.*

The score concludes with a double bar line and a final flourish on the seventh staff. The remaining three staves are empty.

Violine.

11

Accomp.
Recht besch.
Heimlich und lang.
pp.

Da Capo ||

Choral.
Wachet auf, ruft uns die Stimm.

Recit.

Aria

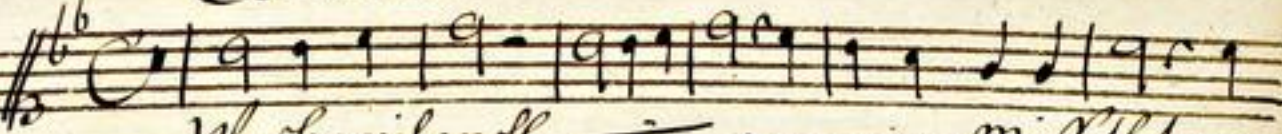
Handwritten musical notation for an Aria, consisting of six staves. The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first staff is labeled "Aria" and the second staff is labeled "Jesus Christus".

Handwritten musical notation for a section labeled "Capo". The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The section is marked with a double bar line and the word "Capo" written above the staff.

Handwritten musical notation for a section labeled "Recit:". The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The section is marked with a double bar line and the word "Recit:" written above the staff.

Handwritten musical notation for a section labeled "Choral". The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The section is marked with a double bar line and the word "Choral" written above the staff.

Handwritten musical notation for a section labeled "Luxum Georg". The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The section is marked with a double bar line and the word "Luxum Georg" written above the staff.

Die Cantata  *Wasse mich wasch — von meiner Missethat von*

und reinige mich von meiner Sünde *Recit Aria Recit*

Vom Herrn Jesus Christus ist das in unserer Schwachheit sei es mit
was ist das rechte himel brod das Jesus unserer Menschh. gott

was unser ist das magst sein, das wir seinen heilen Gnadn Speis
mit seiner Freibietung eß, und seiner Liebe nicht vergeß.

Kommt, Danten stehst auf ein, der Tagland fällt im Abendessen; des merckst, die
 Gäste müssen ein an freyen abgerissen seyn. Was ihnen, was ich dir
 geben. Was ungewissen nist, der nist, der der dort kein Teil an Christo hat.

io. Herr, mich verlaugt - mich verlaugt - nach deiner Gnaden Tafel
 Auf - wasse mich mein Feind ist sehr bestraft - mich *io* auf
 - wa - - se mich Auf - wasse mich mein Feind ist sehr - bestraft. Der Danten
 hat mich, Auf betrogen, betrogen, mich in den Danten den Danten Hoff ge "

Zogen das in mich freyglück als in den - den in den - den das in mich
 freyglück als in den - den glück als in den - den steht.

Wasse mich nist *io* von Meiner Missethat *io* mich
 reinige mich von meiner Sünde

io Darum Jesus Jesu bitt ich dich in meiner Schwachheit
 laß dich das erste Kind brach dich Jesu nist

Seile mich, was mein ist das nist sein, Jesus seinen Sollen
 Mensch. Gott, mit seiner Freibewegung ist, und seiner Liebe

Gnaden Danten
 nist vor ge B.

Capo //

Recit // *Aria* // *Recitat* //

Tenore.

Dictum

Can - - - in port.

2.
Hafte mich von meiner Missethat
reimige mich von meiner Tünde
Recitat Aria

Wir müssen uns gar oft an Jorden, Jüde Jesu, laß uns gleiten
 fließ an die Rinde wandern; dein Blut macht dich ein und reiß. Auf
 Jesu, laß es an uns fließen, so oft wir hier zu deiner Tafel gehen. Vor
 Angst, nach Unbilden wir uns setzen, wenn wir in deinem
 Blut gewaschen vor die Hölle.



 2.
 Nimm Herr Jesu, bitt' in Auf, in meiner Schwachheit Leide
 daß ich das rechte Himmel brod, das ich von unserm Mensch und
 mir was mein ist das mußte sein, daß dein Selten Gnade
 Gott mit stiller Betrachtung eß, und deiner Liebe nicht ver-
 gessen,
 groß,

1737.

Baso.

[illegible]

Capo Recitar

Le saghja at mirß so seyn.

Dann Herr Jesu bitt ich dich in meiner Schwachheit
daß ich das rechte Jamb brech dich Jesu wahrer

Seile mich, was mein ist das magst sein, durch deinen Willen
Menschl. Gott, mit besser Freubichung es, und deiner Liebe

Gnaden Tisem
miß vergiß.